

# PRIMER L-SF2



## SAFETY DATA SHEET

Compiled in accordance with REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as retained and amended in UK law

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VERSION: 1.0

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Mixture  
Trade name : Primer L-SF2  
Product code : Ford Internal Ref.: 503853  
SDS Number : 10006  
UFI : 91E0-FFR2-Y106-PT9T  
Product use : Professional use

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

##### 1.2.1. Relevant identified uses

Function or use category : Primer

##### 1.2.2. Uses advised against

Restrictions on use : None known

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

##### Supplier

Ford-Werke GmbH  
Edsel-Ford-Str. 2-14  
50769 Cologne  
Germany  
+49 221 90-33333  
sdseu@ford.com

##### Distributor

Ford Motor Company Ltd.  
Parts Distribution Centre  
Royal Oak Way South  
NN11 8NT Daventry, Northants  
United Kingdom  
+44 1327 305 198

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

+49 (0) 6132-84463 (GBK GmbH – 24/7)

### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to The Chemicals (Health and Safety) and Genetically Modified Organisms (Contained Use) (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations

Physical hazards	Flammable liquids, Category 2	H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
Health hazards	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2	H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
	Specific target organ toxicity – Single exposure, Category 3, Narcosis	H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Full text of H- and EUH-statements: see section 16

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

No additional information available

## 2.2. Label elements

Labelling according to The Chemicals (Health and Safety) and Genetically Modified Organisms (Contained Use) (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations

### Hazard pictograms



### Signal word

Danger

### Contains

isopropyl acetate

### Hazard statements

H225

Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H319

Causes serious eye irritation.

H336

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

### Precautionary statements

#### Prevention

P210

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P261

Avoid breathing gas, fume, mist, spray, vapours.

P280

Wear protective clothing, eye protection, face protection, protective gloves.

#### Response

P337+P313

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

#### Storage

P403+P235

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

### EUH-statements

EUH066 - Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

## 2.3. Other hazards

This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII.

This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII.

The mixture does not contain substance(s) included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of REACH for having endocrine disrupting properties, or is not identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at a concentration equal to or greater than 0,1 %

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.2. Mixtures

Chemical name	CAS- No EC- No Index No RRN	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Notes
isopropyl acetate	108-21-4 203-561-1 607-024-00-6 01-2119537214-46-XXXX	50 – 100	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336	
1,8-Diazabicyclo[5.4.0]undec-7-ene	6674-22-2 01-2119977097-24-XXXX	0,1 -< 1	Acute Tox. 3 (Oral), H301 (ATE=100 mg/kg bodyweight) Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318	

Full text of H- and EUH-statements: see section 16

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general	: Call a poison center or a doctor if you feel unwell. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
First-aid measures after inhalation	: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a poison center or a doctor.
First-aid measures after skin contact	: Rinse skin with water/shower. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
First-aid measures after eye contact	: Rinse immediately and thoroughly, pulling the eyelids well away from the eye (15 minutes minimum). Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Consult an ophthalmologist if irritation persists.
First-aid measures after ingestion	: Rinse mouth out with water. Call a poison center or a doctor if you feel unwell.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/effects:	: May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Symptoms/effects after eye contact	: Severe eye irritation. Conjunctivitis. Eye irritation.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	: Water spray. Dry powder. Foam. Carbon dioxide.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use a water jet since it may cause the fire to spread.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard	: Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
Hazardous decomposition products in case of fire	: During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed. Carbon oxides (CO, CO <sub>2</sub> ). Nitrogen oxides.

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Precautionary measures fire	: Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove container, if no risk is involved. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion. Move containers from fire area if it can be done without personal risk. Prevent fire fighting water from entering the environment. Stop leak if safe to do so.
Protection during firefighting	: Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Self-contained breathing apparatus. Complete protective clothing.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures	: Avoid inhalation of vapours. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Clean up any spills as soon as possible, using an absorbent material to collect it. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep unnecessary personnel away. Stop leak if safe to do so. Remove ignition sources.
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#### 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment	: For further specification, refer to section 8 of the SDS.
Emergency procedures	: Ventilate spillage area. No open flames, no sparks, and no smoking. Avoid breathing fume, vapours. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

#### 6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment	: Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".
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### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment	: Collect spillage.
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Methods for cleaning up	: Large Spills: Stop leak without risks if possible. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Clean preferably with a detergent - Avoid the use of solvents. Take up liquid spill into absorbent material, e.g.: sand, earth, vermiculite. Small spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. Never return spills in original containers for re-use. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters.
Other information	: Dispose of materials or solid residues at an authorized site.

## 6.4. Reference to other sections

For disposal of residues refer to section 13 : "Disposal considerations" . For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling	: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Flammable vapours may accumulate in the container. Use explosion-proof equipment. Wear personal protective equipment. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing fume, vapours. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
Hygiene measures	: Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures	: Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
Storage conditions	: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.
Incompatible products	: Strong oxidizing agent.
Incompatible materials	: Moisture.

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Primer.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

#### 8.1.1. National occupational exposure and biological limit values

##### isopropyl acetate (108-21-4)

##### United Kingdom - Occupational Exposure Limits

Local name	Isopropyl acetate
WEL STEL (OEL STEL)	849 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
WEL STEL	200 ppm
Regulatory reference	EH40/2005 (Fourth edition, 2020). HSE

#### 8.1.2. Recommended monitoring procedures

No additional information available

#### 8.1.3. Air contaminants formed

No additional information available

#### 8.1.4. DNEL and PNEC

##### isopropyl acetate (108-21-4)

##### DNEL/DMEL (Workers)

Acute - systemic effects, inhalation	558 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Long-term - local effects, dermal	27 mg/kg bw/day
Long-term - systemic effects, inhalation	275 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

**DNEL/DMEL (General population)**

Acute - systemic effects, inhalation	335 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Acute - local effects, inhalation	136 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Long-term - systemic effects, oral	16 mg/kg bodyweight/day
Long-term - systemic effects, inhalation	168 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Long-term - systemic effects, dermal	16 mg/kg bodyweight/day

**PNEC (Water)**

PNEC aqua (freshwater)	0.22 mg/l
PNEC aqua (marine water)	0.022 mg/l
PNEC aqua (intermittent, freshwater)	1.1 mg/l

**PNEC (Sediment)**

PNEC sediment (freshwater)	1.25 mg/kg dwt
PNEC sediment (marine water)	0.125 mg/kg dwt

**PNEC (Soil)**

PNEC soil	0.35 mg/kg dwt
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**PNEC (STP)**

PNEC sewage treatment plant	190 mg/l
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**1,8-Diazabicyclo[5.4.0]undec-7-ene (6674-22-2)**

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**DNEL/DMEL (Workers)**

Long-term - systemic effects, dermal	3 mg/kg bodyweight/day
Long-term - systemic effects, inhalation	10.6 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

**DNEL/DMEL (General population)**

Long-term - systemic effects, oral	1.5 mg/kg bodyweight/day
Long-term - systemic effects, inhalation	2.6 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Long-term - systemic effects, dermal	1.5 mg/kg bodyweight/day

**PNEC (Water)**

PNEC aqua (freshwater)	0.24 mg/l
PNEC aqua (marine water)	0.024 mg/l
PNEC aqua (intermittent, freshwater)	0.5 mg/l

**PNEC (Sediment)**

PNEC sediment (freshwater)	1.46 mg/kg dwt
PNEC sediment (marine water)	0.146 mg/kg dwt

**PNEC (Soil)**

PNEC soil	0.152 mg/kg dwt
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**PNEC (STP)**

PNEC sewage treatment plant	13 mg/l
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**8.1.5. Control banding**

No additional information available

## 8.2. Exposure controls

### 8.2.1. Appropriate engineering controls

#### Appropriate engineering controls:

Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.

### 8.2.2. Personal protection equipment

#### Personal protective equipment:

Personal protective equipment should be chosen according to the CEN standards and in discussion with the supplier of the protective equipment.

#### 8.2.2.1. Eye and face protection

##### Eye protection:

Safety glasses. EN 166. Safety glasses with side shields

#### 8.2.2.2. Skin protection

##### Skin and body protection:

Wear suitable protective clothing

##### Hand protection:

Protective gloves.

Material	Permeation	Thickness (mm)	Comments
Butyl rubber	120 - 239 min	0,7	Glove recommendation: Butoject® 898 (Kächele-Cama GmbH, source of supply see <a href="http://www.kcl.de">www.kcl.de</a> ) or comparable product.
In case of splash contact: Butyl rubber	120 - 239 min	0,7	Glove recommendation: Butoject® 898 (Kächele-Cama GmbH, source of supply see <a href="http://www.kcl.de">www.kcl.de</a> ) or comparable product.

#### Other skin protection

##### Materials for protective clothing:

Use personal protective equipment as required

#### 8.2.2.3. Respiratory protection

##### Respiratory protection:

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment

#### 8.2.2.4. Thermal hazards

##### Thermal hazard protection:

Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

### 8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls

#### Environmental exposure controls:

Avoid release to the environment.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Liquid
Colour	: Transparent. Slightly hazy.
Odour	: Not available
Odour threshold	: Not available
Melting point	: Not applicable
Freezing point	: Not available
Boiling point	: Not available
Flammability	: Highly flammable liquid and vapour
Explosive limits	: Not available
Lower explosive limit (LEL)	: Not available
Upper explosive limit (UEL)	: Not available
Flash point	: 4 °C
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available

Decomposition temperature	: Not available
pH	: Not available
Viscosity, kinematic	: Not available
Solubility	: Material insoluble in water.
Log Kow	: Not available
Vapour pressure	: Not available
Vapour pressure at 50 °C	: < 700 mbar
Density	: 0.87 g/cm <sup>3</sup>
Relative density	: Not available
Relative vapour density at 20 °C	: Not available
Particle size	: Not applicable
Particle size distribution	: Not applicable
Particle shape	: Not applicable
Particle aspect ratio	: Not applicable
Particle aggregation state	: Not applicable
Particle agglomeration state	: Not applicable
Particle specific surface area	: Not applicable
Particle dustiness	: Not applicable

## 9.2. Other information

### 9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

No additional information available

### 9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

VOC content : 99.9 %

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid contact with hot surfaces. Heat. No flames, no sparks. Eliminate all sources of ignition.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Moisture.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed. Carbon oxides (CO, CO<sub>2</sub>). Nitrogen oxides.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity (oral)	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Acute toxicity (dermal)	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Acute toxicity (inhalation)	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Primer L-SF2	
ATE CLP (oral)	> 2000 mg/kg
1,8-Diazabicyclo[5.4.0]undec-7-ene (6674-22-2)	
ATE CLP (oral)	100 mg/kg bodyweight

Skin corrosion/irritation	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Additional information	: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

Serious eye damage/irritation	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Carcinogenicity	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Reproductive toxicity	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
STOT-single exposure	: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

#### isopropyl acetate (108-21-4)

STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
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STOT-repeated exposure	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Aspiration hazard	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

### 11.2. Information on other hazards

No additional information available

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general	: The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short-term (acute)	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term (chronic)	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

No additional information available

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No additional information available

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

No additional information available

### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

#### Primer L-SF2

This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII.

This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII.

### 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No additional information available

### 12.7. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects	: No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this product
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## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Regional legislation (waste)	: Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions). Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Waste treatment methods	: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with licensed collector's sorting instructions. Collect and reclaim or dispose in closed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container.
Sewage disposal recommendations	: Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies.
Product/Packaging disposal recommendations	: Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.



Additional information	: Flammable vapours may accumulate in the container.
European List of Waste (LoW) code	: The Waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company. 08 04 09* - waste adhesives and sealants containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances 15 01 10* - packaging containing residues of or contaminated by dangerous substances

## SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with ADR / IMDG / IATA / ADN / RID

### 14.1. UN number or ID number

UN-No. (ADR)	: UN 1220
UN-No. (IMDG)	: UN 1220
UN-No. (IATA)	: UN 1220
UN-No. (ADN)	: UN 1220
UN-No. (RID)	: UN 1220

### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper Shipping Name (ADR)	: ISOPROPYL ACETATE
Proper Shipping Name (IMDG)	: ISOPROPYL ACETATE
Proper Shipping Name (IATA)	: Isopropyl acetate
Proper Shipping Name (ADN)	: ISOPROPYL ACETATE
Proper Shipping Name (RID)	: ISOPROPYL ACETATE

### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

#### ADR

Transport hazard class(es) (ADR)	: 3
Danger labels (ADR)	: 3

#### IMDG

Transport hazard class(es) (IMDG)	: 3
Danger labels (IMDG)	: 3

#### IATA

Transport hazard class(es) (IATA)	: 3
Hazard labels (IATA)	: 3

#### ADN

Transport hazard class(es) (ADN)	: 3
Danger labels (ADN)	: 3

#### RID

Transport hazard class(es) (RID)	: 3
Danger labels (RID)	: 3

### 14.4. Packing group

Packing group (ADR)	: II
Packing group (IMDG)	: II
Packing group (IATA)	: II
Packing group (ADN)	: II
Packing group (RID)	: II

### 14.5. Environmental hazards

Dangerous for the environment	: No
Marine pollutant	: No
Other information	: No supplementary information available.

### 14.6. Special precautions for user

#### Overland transport

Classification code (ADR)	: F1
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Limited quantities (ADR)	: 1I
Packing instructions (ADR)	: P001, IBC02, R001
Hazard identification number (Kemler No.)	: 33
Tunnel restriction code (ADR)	: D/E
EAC code	: •3YE

#### Transport by sea

Limited quantities (IMDG)	: 1 L
Packing instructions (IMDG)	: P001
EmS-No. (Fire)	: F-E
EmS-No. (Spillage)	: S-D
Stowage category (IMDG)	: B

#### Air transport

PCA Excepted quantities (IATA)	: E2
PCA Limited quantities (IATA)	: Y341
PCA limited quantity max net quantity (IATA)	: 1L
PCA packing instructions (IATA)	: 353
PCA max net quantity (IATA)	: 5L
CAO packing instructions (IATA)	: 364
CAO max net quantity (IATA)	: 60L
ERG code (IATA)	: 3L

#### Inland waterway transport

Classification code (ADN)	: F1
Limited quantities (ADN)	: 1 L
Carriage permitted (ADN)	: T

#### Rail transport

Classification code (RID)	: F1
Limited quantities (RID)	: 1L
Packing instructions (RID)	: P001, IBC02, R001
Hazard identification number (RID)	: 33

### 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### 15.1.1. EU-Regulations

##### EU restriction list (REACH Annex XVII)

Reference code	Applicable on
3(a)	Primer L-SF2 ; isopropyl acetate
3(b)	Primer L-SF2 ; isopropyl acetate ; 1,8-Diazabicyclo[5.4.0]undec-7-ene
40.	isopropyl acetate
Contains no substance on the REACH candidate list	
Contains no REACH Annex XIV substances	
Contains no substance subject to Regulation (EU) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals.	
Contains no substance subject to Regulation (EU) No 2019/1021 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 June 2019 on persistent organic pollutants	
VOC content	: 99.9 %
Other information, restriction and prohibition regulations :	Directive 92/85/EEC on the safety and health of pregnant workers and workers who have recently given birth or are breastfeeding as amended. Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work, as amended. Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work, as amended. For details, refer to section 3 and 8.

##### Directive 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III)

Seveso Additional information	: Not applicable
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	Lower-tier	Upper-tier
P5c FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS	5000	50000

Flammable liquids, Categories 2 or 3 not covered by P5a and P5b

#### 15.1.2. National regulations

No additional information available

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out

### SECTION 16: Other information

#### Indication of changes:

None.

#### Abbreviations and acronyms

ADN	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways
ADR	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF	Bioconcentration factor
BLV	Biological limit value
BOD	Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)
COD	Chemical oxygen demand (COD)
DMEL	Derived Minimal Effect level
DNEL	Derived-No Effect Level
EC-No.	European Community number
EC50	Median effective concentration
EN	European Standard
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LC50	Median lethal concentration
LD50	Median lethal dose
LOAEL	Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level
NOAEC	No-Observed Adverse Effect Concentration
NOAEL	No-Observed Adverse Effect Level
NOEC	No-Observed Effect Concentration
OECD	Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
OEL	Occupational Exposure Limit
PBT	Persistent Bioaccumulative Toxic
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
RID	Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
SDS	Safety Data Sheet
STP	Sewage treatment plant
ThOD	Theoretical oxygen demand (ThOD)
TLM	Median Tolerance Limit
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds
CAS-No.	Chemical Abstract Service number
N.O.S.	Not Otherwise Specified
vPvB	Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative
ED	Endocrine disrupting properties

Data sources : REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006.

Training advice : Follow training instructions when handling this material.

**Full text of H- and EUH-statements**

Acute Tox. 3 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 3
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2	Flammable liquids, Category 2
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin Corr. 1B	Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 1, Sub-Category 1B
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity – Single exposure, Category 3, Narcosis

**Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]**

Flam. Liq. 2	H225	Calculation method
Eye Irrit. 2	H319	Calculation method
STOT SE 3	H336	Calculation method

*The above information describes exclusively the safety requirements of the product and is based on our present-day knowledge. The information is intended to give you advice about the safe handling of the product named in this safety data sheet, for storage, processing, transport and disposal. The information cannot be transferred to other products. In the case of mixing the product with other products or in the case of processing, the information on this safety data sheet is not necessarily valid for the new made-up material.*



## Attachment to the Safety Data Sheet

**Product Name:** Primer L-SF2

**Ford Int. Ref. No.:** 503853

**Revision Date:** 30.06.2022

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**Involved Products:**

Finiscode	Part number	Container Size:
1 2 645 959	NU7J 99J9596 AA	10 g